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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/690,570	10/23/2003	Hirotaka Ishikawa	Q77990	5963
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 03/18/200 ON, PLLC	EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSY	LVANIA AVENUE, N	YOO, JASSON H		
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20037	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3714	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/18/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/690,570	ISHIKAWA, HIROTAKA		
Examiner	Art Unit		

	Jasson H. Yoo	3714	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addi	ess
THE REPLY FILED <u>01 February 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS .	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	iter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE).	date of the final rejectio FIRST REPLY WAS FIL	n. .ED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	te extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENIAN. 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS	out prior to the data of filing a bring		
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in beti	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally reje	octed claims	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	cted claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (F	PTOL-324).
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		•	-
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an ex	planation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-13</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
<u>AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE</u> 8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but	hefere or on the date of filing a Ne	tice of Annael will not	he entered
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	ıl and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	itry is below or attache	ed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowand	ce because:
 12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☑ Other: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u>. 	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/XUAN M. THAI/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3714			
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Continuation of 13. Other: Regarding claims 1-3, 5, and 11-13, Applicants argue that Nakamura does not teach or suggest that the game processing of the accessory game is carried out based on the character information read from the portable information storage device 54. Applicants further argue that Nakamura discloses that the domestic game machine 18 can provide a game utilizing the character information and the game cannot be played without the domestic game machine (col. 10:55-59). However col. 10:55-59 explicitly states "Sing the character information the memory card of this embodiment is electronic, the player can play the game only when the character information is written into the domestic game machine." However, this citation is only one embodiment of the Nakamura's invention. It is noted that this embodiment was not used for the rejection. Furthermore, even if the game is played only by the domestic game machine, the claims do not claim that the game is played by the first game device. In fact, the claims are not clear to where and when the game is played. For example, claim 1 requires the first game device to write information relating to play amount. Claim 2 require the information to be related to a fee paid by the player for playing at the first game device. In addition, Nakamura discloses that the gaming machine means perform a game computation for enabling a player to play at the given game during the time when the character information is being written into the portable information storage device or during the time when the character information is being printed on a material for printing (col. 3:1-8). Col. 8:6-16 clearly states that the portable information storage (PDA in the cited example) "may be used to perform the transfer of information between it an any of the other PDA's arcade game machines and domestic game machines". This information may be game parameters, as supported by cols. 6:66-7:17.

Applicants further argue that Nakamura does not teach or suggest modifying the context of game processing if play amount exceeds a certain value. Particularly, Applicants argue that the Official Notice is improper because the Examiner has not provided concrete evidence in the record. However the practice of official notice may be taken by the Examiner where the facts asserted to be well-known, or to be common knowledge in the art are capable of instant and unquestionable demonstration as being well-known. MPEP 2144.03(B) discusses that when Official Notice is taking of a fact, unsupported by documentary evidence, the technical line of reasoning underlying a decision to take such notice must be clear and unmistakable. In this case Nakamura discloses a fee paid by the player for process a game character. However, Nakamura fails to specifically teach the player amount information contains fee information by the player for playing the first game device. Nevertheless, Nakamura discloses that the gaming machines are arcade machines (col. 5:1). Nakamura illustrates a gaming machine with a money accepting slot (60 in Fig. 3A). It is implied or would have been obvious to have a fee to play at the arcade machines. A fee to play at the arcade would provide revenue for the arcade game manager. In arcade games, a fee is charged for each game played on the gaming machine. The play amount information that contains fee information would track the number of games played on the games. Furthermore, the fee information will track the amount of money the player has spent on the game. Nakamura specifically discloses services are provide to the player depending on the number of game plays (col. 10:31-39). Thus a service can be awarded to devoted game players who spent a lot of money on the game. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Nakamura's game system and incorporate play amount information that contains fee information by the player for playing at the first game device in order to modify the game play according the amount the player played on the first game device and provide service to the devoted game player...